

Quality Surveillance Groups (QSGs)





29 November 2013













Background

- Quality in the new health system Maintaining and improving quality from April 2013 sets out the distinct roles and responsibilities across the system for quality and how the system should work together:
 - Proactively to share information and intelligence on quality and to spot potential quality problems early. A network of Quality Surveillance Groups (QSGs) should be established to make this happen locally and regionally
 - Reactively to identify potential or actual serious failures and to take corrective action, working collaboratively to secure improvement and protect service users.
- Key messages from Francis and Berwick
- 2 QSG Roles and Responsibilities



Role of QSG

The role of QSGs

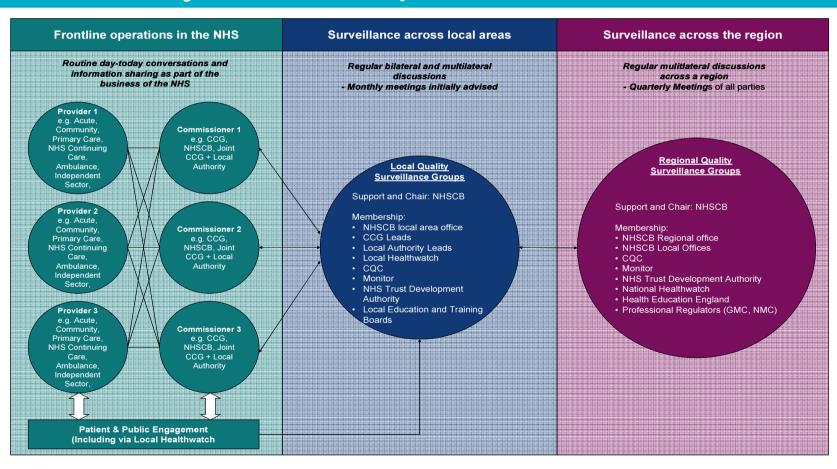
- •QSGs bring together different parts of the health and care economy to routinely and methodically share information and intelligence about quality.
- •This information is gathered through performance management, commissioning and regulatory activities.
- QSGs do not have executive powers

Operating model

- •QSGs will operate at 2 levels:
 - 1. Locally, on the footprint of the NHS England's 27 local area teams
 - 2. Regionally, on the footprint of the NHS England's four regional teams.



Whole System Cooperation



4 QSG Roles and Responsibilities



Chair & Membership

- The chair is Felicity Cox the Area Director NHS England Kent and Medway.
- The QSG for Kent and Medway is well attended by the Accountable Officers and Chief nurses of the CCGs.
- Directors of Children and Social care services of both Kent and Medway Councils
- Directors of Public health for Kent and Medway councils
- Regional manager of Monitor



Membership

- Regional and Area Compliance Manager for CQC
- Associate Director for Governance and Quality Trust Development Agency
- Director of Education and Quality Health Education England Surrey and Sussex, Kent and Medway
- Public Health England (invited)
- Healthwatch
- Medical Director and Director of Nursing NHS England Area team and Members of their team



Membership

Local QSG Membership

- All local commissioners in the area (NHS England, CCGs)
- Representatives from the NHS Trust Development Authority (where there are NHS Trusts in the area)
- Health Education England
- Public Health England
- Local Authority
- Local Health Watch
- Representatives from the regulators, Monitor and the Care Quality Commission



Membership

Regional QSG

- Professional regulators
- Ombudsman
- Networks/senates



Areas of care reviewed

- This includes any NHS funded care in Kent and Medway.
- Care homes and nursing homes
- Mental health
- Ambulance services
- CAMHS work with national and regional pathway assessing need and requirements
- Primary Care
- Large Provider Trusts
- Health and Justice provision



Role of NHS England

- •NHS England role involves:
 - proactively ensuring that all parties who need to be involved, are involved:
 - facilitating sharing of information if needed;
 - •ensuring that there is a clear understanding as to how the QSG will consider all providers and system wide issues over time;
 - chairing meetings where a chair is required by the group;
 - co-ordinating communications where there is a need to do so; and
 - •providing a record of the discussions and agreed actions.
- •The QSG model is evolving over time. We are reviewing the effectiveness of QSG in November /December.



QSG Example

- NHS England responsible for co-ordination of the response of all parties to the Keogh review (Medway Foundation Trust)
- Sub group of the QSG has been leading in this and work with Trust Board to ensure action plan and Key Performance Indicators are delivered.
- Responsibility of monitoring progress is with Monitor as the regulator in this case.
- Sub group has meant that all parties concerned are able to provide support and not duplicate.
- Reports to QSG



Methodology of Surveillance

The level of surveillance of providers is determined by the Heat Map Framework. The following factors are considered:

- Number of quality issues
- Level of risk
- Level of confidence in the provider



Working with councils

- KCC and Medway Council actively discuss concerns at the QSG and indicate areas of concern that they want to be joint working with and aware of.
- CQC and Health work with the councils together to ensure that standards of care are correct for vulnerable people.



QSG connect

- Through regional QSG
- Through Clinical senates
- Through Allied Scientific and Clinical Networks



Links with HOSC and Health and wellbeing board

- Through Directors of Children and health and social care (members of QSG)
- Through Healthwatch
- Links with the commissioning teams
- Area Team Directors reporting quarterly to HOSC and HWBB; covering quality to support decisionmaking.